प्रेषक.

एस०पी० गोयल प्रमुख सचिव, उत्तर प्रदेश शासन।

सेवा में.

समस्त अपर मुख्य सचिव/प्रमुख सचिव/सचिव, उत्तर प्रदेश शासन।

नागरिक उड्डयन अनुभाग

लखनऊ : दिनांक 🌂 अगस्त, 2017.

विषयः "उत्तर प्रदेश नागर विमानन प्रोत्साहन नीति, 2017"।

महोदय,

नागर विमानन क्षेत्र में समग्र विकास को बढ़ावा देने के लिए, भारत सरकार द्वारा केन्द्र और राज्य सरकारों के प्रोत्साहनों के माध्यम से अण्डरसर्व्ड (underserved) और अनसर्व्ड (unserved) हवाईअड्डों / हवाई पिट्टयों / स्थानों को जोड़ने के उद्देश्य से राष्ट्रीय नागर विमानन नीति, 2016 प्राख्यापित की गई है और रीजनल कनेक्टिविटी स्कीम (RCS) प्रारम्भ की गई है। रीजनल कनेक्टिविटी स्कीम के अन्तर्गत केन्द्र सरकार, राज्य सरकार एवं भारतीय विमानपत्तन प्राधिकरण के मध्य एक एम०ओ०यू० हस्ताक्षरित किया गया है जिसमें रीजनल कनेक्टिविटी स्कीम के अन्तर्गत राज्य सरकार के दायित्वों को पूर्ण करने के लिए राज्य सरकार की प्रतिबद्धता दर्शाई गई है।

2— उक्त के परिप्रेक्ष्य में प्रदेश में नागर विमानन के क्षेत्र में अनुकूल कारोबारी वातावरण बनाने के लिए मजबूत नागर विमानन अवसंरचना के विकास हेतु पर्याप्त प्रोत्साहन प्रदान करने, विमानन क्षेत्र में अप्रयुक्त क्षमता का उपयोग करते हुए निवेश आकर्षित करने में सहायता करने, रीजनल कनेक्टिविटी स्कीम के अन्तर्गत नए रूट्स का विकास करके एयर कनेक्टिविटी को बढ़ावा देने हेतु प्रोत्साहन प्रदान करने, प्रदेश के नॉन—आर.सी.एस. एयरपोर्ट्स के मध्य इन्टर—कनेक्टिविटी हेतु सुविधा प्रदान करने, भारत और दुनिया के बाकी हिस्सों के साथ राज्य के प्रमुख पर्यटन स्थलों को जोड़कर राज्य में पर्यटन की पूर्ण क्षमता का उपयोग करने, व्यापार और रोजगार के अवसरों के सृजन को बढ़ावा देने, एयर कार्गो हब के विकास को प्रोत्साहन देकर उत्तर प्रदेश में कृषि निर्यात एवं अन्य क्षरण योग्य वस्तुओं के निर्यात व विनिर्माण और ई—कॉमर्स कारोबार को बढ़ावा देने, मानव संसाधन विकसित करके एवं प्रत्यक्ष, अप्रत्यक्ष और प्रेरित रोजगार के अवसर पैदा कर विमानन क्षेत्र को बढ़ावा देने और राज्य में एम.आर.ओ. सुविधाओं के विकास को बढ़ावा देने के उद्देश्य की पूर्ति हेतु एक समग्र "उत्तर प्रदेश नागर विमानन प्रोत्साहन नीति, 2017" को मा० मंत्रिपरिषद द्वारा अनुमोदन प्रदान कर दिया गया है।

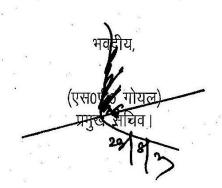
3- साथ ही यह भी निर्णय लिया गया है कि सभी सम्बन्धित विभाग रीजनल कनेक्टिविटी

स्कीम तथा उ०प्र० नागर विमानन प्रोत्साहन नीति, 2017 के अन्तर्गत दर्शाए गए अपने विभाग से सम्बन्धित बिन्दुओं के सम्बन्ध में समयान्तर्गत कार्यवाही सुनिश्चित करें तथा जहां शासनादेश जारी होने की आवश्यकता है, वहां निर्धारित प्रक्रिया अपनाते हुए ससमय शासनादेश जारी करें।

4— इस सम्बन्ध में उक्त अनुमोदित "उत्तर प्रदेश नागर विमानन प्रोत्साहन नीति, 2017" की हिन्दी/अंग्रेजी प्रति संलग्न कर प्रेषित करते हुए मुझे यह कहने का निदेश हुआ है कि नीति में अपने विभागों से सम्बन्धित प्रस्तरों पर यथावश्यक विभागीय शासनादेश/अधिसूचना/नियमावली शीघ्र जारी करने का कष्ट करें एवं जारी किए जाने वाले आदेशों की एक प्रति नागरिक उड्डयन अनुभाग/नागरिक उड्डयन निदेशालय को भी उपलब्ध कराने का कष्ट करें।

संलग्नक:-यथोक्त

# 61/2017/ संख्या-<u>/</u>1230(1) / छप्पन-2017, तद्दिनांक प्रतिलिपि:-



- 1. महालेखाकार, लेखा परीक्षा प्रथम एवं द्वितीय, उत्तर प्रदेश, इलाहाबाद।
- 2. प्रमुख सचिव, नागरिक उड्डयन विभाग, उत्तर प्रदेश शासन।
- 3. प्रमुख सचिव, मुख्यमंत्री, उत्तर प्रदेश शासन।
- 4. स्टॉफ ऑफिसर, मुख्य सचिव, उत्तर प्रदेश शासन।
- 5. निदेशक, नागरिक उड्डयन विभाग, उत्तर प्रदेश, लखनऊ।
- 6. वित्त (आय-व्ययक) अनुभाग-1/ वित्त (व्यय-नियन्त्रण) अनुभाग-7
- 7. नियोजन अनुभाग-1
- समस्त अधिकारीगण, नागरिक उड्डयन विभाग।
- 9. सम्बन्धित समीक्षा अधिकारी / गार्ड फाइल । संलग्नक—यथोक्त ।

आज्ञा से, इक्क्री (सूर्य पाल गंगवार) विशेष सचिव। -3-संख्या<u>/1230(2) / छप्पन-2017, तद्दिनांक</u>

प्रतिलिपि निदेशक, सूचना एवं जनसम्पर्क विभाग, उत्तर प्रदेश को इस अनुरोध के साथ प्रेषित है कि कृपया इस नीति का समस्त समाचार पत्रों में व अन्य माध्यमों से समुचित प्रचार—प्रसार कराने की कृपा करें। नीति की प्रति संलग्न है।

आजा से

इक्किन (सूर्य पाल गंगवार विशेष सचिव।

# 2017

# Civil Aviation Promotion Policy of Uttar Pradesh 2017





**Government of Uttar Pradesh** 

## **Civil Aviation Promotion Policy of Uttar Pradesh 2017**

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#### 1. Introduction

Civil aviation sector is an enabler of economic growth and development of the state and the country. To facilitate the inclusive growth in this sector, Government of India has launched National Civil Aviation Policy 2016 and Regional Connectivity Scheme (RCS) with a vision to connect the underserved as well as unserved airports/airstrips/locations through incentives from central and state governments. Such airports/locations are marked as RCS airports/locations. State governments are expected/encouraged to identify the locations as well as the routes and to declare incentives beyond the mandates envisaged in RCS to attract the airlines and start new routes.

There is no comprehensive state civil aviation policy in U.P. so far. First round of bidding under RCS has not been very successful from U.P. perspective. There is a need to develop state civil aviation policy to attract the airlines/air operators in U.P. to cover underserved and unserved airstrips and cities during second round of RCS bidding. Civil Aviation Promotion Policy of Uttar Pradesh 2017 intends to provide the necessary direction for the growth of this sector in the state.

### 2. Objectives of Civil Aviation Promotion Policy of UP 2017

- To create a conducive business environment, provide adequate incentives for the development of robust civil aviation infrastructure and to aid in attracting investments to realize the untapped potential in the aviation sector
- To improve the air connectivity through development of new routes under RCS by providing incentives and also to facilitate inter-connectivity of non-RCS airports of U.P.
- To realize the full potential of tourism by linking major state tourist destinations with rest of India and the world.
- To facilitate trade and generation of employment opportunities.
- To give a boost to agro-exports, other perishable goods, manufacturing and e-commerce businesses in UP by supporting the development of air cargo hubs and fulfillment centers.
- To support the growth of aviation sector by developing human resource and generate direct, indirect and induced employment opportunities in the sector
- To facilitate the growth of Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul (MRO) facilities in the state.

#### 3. Current scenario of Aviation in U.P.

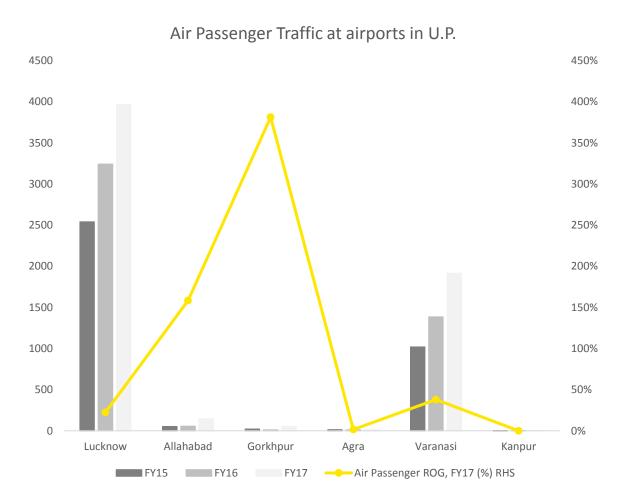
The passenger air traffic in Uttar Pradesh has grown in the year 2016-17 by 30% to 6.1 million<sup>1</sup> passengers on a year on year basis whereas air cargo has witnessed a negative growth from 5.91MMT (million metric tons) during year 2015-16 to 5.89 MMT during 2016-17. According to Census of India 2011, the approximate population of Uttar Pradesh is 199.8 million and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Air Traffic Statistics, Airport Authority of India

the corresponding per capita air trips would be an approximate 0.031 reflecting the immense untapped potential in air transport sector in the state.

In Uttar Pradesh the following six airports are providing intra-state and inter-state air connectivity Lucknow, Varanasi, Allahabad, Gorakhpur, Agra and Kanpur. Lucknow airport serving 65% of the passenger air traffic demand in Uttar Pradesh followed by Varanasi 32%, Allahabad 2.4%, Gorakhpur 0.9%, Agra 0.2% and Kanpur 0.1% in 2016-17.

The following graphs reflect the air transport growth in U.P. in passenger traffic.



ROG=Rate of Growth Source: AAI

#### International Air Traffic in Uttar Pradesh



Source: AAI

There are 18 divisional headquarters and 75 districts in U.P. The existing status of airports/air connectivity to 18 Divisional headquarters in Uttar Pradesh is as follows:

- Airports at Lucknow, Varanasi, Gorakhpur are fully functional airports
- Airports at Agra, Allahabad, Kanpur are operational defence airports, wherein civil enclave is under construction
- Bareilly has an air force station where civil enclave is being developed by AAI
- Through an MOU with AAI, airstrips at **Meerut**, **Moradabad**, and **Faizabad** have been handed over to AAI for upgradation.
- **Jhansi, Chitrakoot, Azamgarh, Aligarh** are having state owned airstrips at Divisional level which can be developed as No-Frills Airports
- Divisions of Sonebhadra (Mirzapur) and Shravasti (Gonda/Devipatan) have airstrips at a place other than Divisional headquarters, which need to be upgraded to No-Frills Airports
- **Saharanpur** division has a defence airport, which can be developed as No-Frills Airports
- **Basti** division–does not have any airport related facility.

# 4. Development of airport and related infrastructure

State government is committed to improve civil aviation related infrastructure and air connectivity in Uttar Pradesh. There is scope for development of Greenfield /Brownfield airports in U.P. Site clearance has already been received from Government of India to develop a Greenfield international airport at Jewar in District Gautam Budh Nagar. State government will procure/acquire land for core aviation activities and city side development to develop the airport in Jewar on PPP mode in a phased manner.

For the development of brownfield airports (to upgrade existing airports), the cost of land procurement/acquisition will be borne by Airport Authority of India or state government or by both on sharing basis on mutually agreed terms and conditions.

#### 4.1 Incentives under IIEPP 2017:

Under Industrial Investment and Employment Promotion Policy of Uttar Pradesh 2017 (IIEPP 2017) para 3.6.2, it is mentioned "Airways: UP has major national and international airports at Lucknow, Varanasi, Allahabad and Gorakhpur. For further improving the air connectivity in the state, GoUP intends to develop new airports to connect all the regions of the state with the rest of the country. Private sector participation will be encouraged for the same. Along with facility of dry cargo, aircraft maintenance hubs will also be encouraged".

Concessions and incentives on industrial investment under para 5 of IIEPP 2017 will be admissible, as per eligibility - for Investment to develop new or upgrade existing airports/ airstrips/ heliports/ helipads including all infrastructure required to operationalize air transport.

#### 4.2 Upgradation of airstrips into No-Frills Airports/civil airports:

Airport Authority of India will be developing the airstrips into no-frills airports with the financial assistance of Government of India, once successful RCS bidding covers that airport. The state government has the option to form an SPV/company on its own or with Airport Authority of India for developing airports, upgrading airstrips to no-frill civil airports and managing these airports. State government may explore the possibilities of development or upgradation of airports on PPP mode. The No-Frills Airports will be later upgraded on requirement basis. The cost of upgradation of airstrips to No-Frills airports including the cost of all equipment, furniture etc. will be borne by Government of India at an indicative cost of Rs 50 cr to Rs 100 cr without insisting on financial viability as indicated in para 4.d of National Civil Aviation Policy 2016

**4.3 Aircraft manufacturing and procurement:** Towards promotion of "Make in India" and "Make in U.P.", for all aircraft/helicopters manufactured or assembled in U.P. the corresponding S-GST receivable to Govt. of U.P. will be reimbursed for 10 years up-to a maximum of 10 units.

In case airlines purchase aircraft/helicopter, which is manufactured or assembled in U.P. and deployed primarily routes in U.P\* (\*route where at least 50% of takeoffs are from airports in U.P.), for at least five years, will be eligible for the following incentives:

a. Concessions and incentives as given under para 5 of IIEPP 2017 on plant and machinery will be admissible for cost for acquisition of aircraft through purchase, as per eligibility.

#### 4.4 Aviation Support Infrastructure

Concessions and incentives (including capital interest subsidy on loan taken for plant and machinery and infrastructure interest subsidy for loan taken on infrastructure development as the case may be) under para 5 of IIEPP 2017 will be admissible, as per eligibility, for capital investment for creating *Aviation Support Infrastructure* including aircraft maintenance, ground handling facilities, air cargo and warehouse facilities and passenger transport facilities on any airport in UP.

#### 4.5 Connecting U.P. with international destinations

The state government to promote international connectivity with its airports, will facilitate the inclusion of its airports under bilateral rights for airlines desirous of linking airports in U.P. with international destinations.

## 5. Development of Air Cargo hubs and MRO facilities

- **5.1** Air cargo hubs are the engines of growth for aviation industry. U.P. has the largest consumer base in India with a population of approximately 199 million as per Census 2011. State government is committed towards the growth of aviation sector with a focus on employment generation and industrial development. Concessions and incentives on investment under para 5 of IIEPP 2017 will be admissible, as per eligibility for investment to develop air cargo hubs and related facility development and logistics infrastructure in U.P.
- **5.2** State government will provide enabling infrastructure, support in development of fulfillment centres and support to attract new trending e-commerce businesses etc.
- **5.3** Special facilitation centers with single window clearance facility for promotion of air cargo and logistics businesses will be provided.
- **5.4** Growth in aviation sector necessitates the development of adequate Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul (MRO) facilities for aircraft. State government will facilitate and incentivize the proposals for setting up of new MRO facilities at existing airports or at new locations in U.P. There exists potential for development of MRO hub near proposed Jewar airport in Gautam Buddh Nagar District. Concessions and incentives on investment under para 5 of IIEPP 2017 will be admissible, as per eligibility, for investment made for building hangar and other such necessary facilities.

- **5.5** Fiscal incentives for MRO setups in U.P. will be 100% reimbursement of S-GST levied on MRO job contracts from domestic or international airlines. Also, 50% of S-GST levied will be reimbursed on the purchase of aircraft parts or other accessories used for aircraft maintenance. These incentives will be provided for ten years.
- **5.6** In order to promote agro-exports and other perishable commodity exports from the state, the state government will facilitate the development of facilities at airports for handling perishable goods.

#### 6. Development of Human Resources for Civil Aviation

- **6.1** Growth in civil aviation will require trained work force like Pilots, Aircraft Maintenance Engineers, Ground Handling Professionals, Cabin Crew, IT and Support service professionals, airport related professionals etc. State government will promote aviation related courses in premier institutes / universities in U.P. e.g. IITs, NIT and universities like Lucknow, Allahabad, Aligarh, Agra, BHU, Rohilkhand, Meerut etc. to generate skilled work force and professionals for civil aviation sector.
- **6.2** At present, in U.P., IGRUA in Amethi and six private flying training academies (these are 3 at Aligarh, 1 at Faizabad, Sultanpur and Kanpur each) are functional and conducting commercial pilot license (CPL) courses approved by DGCA. Aeronautical Training Institute (ATI) at Lucknow owned by state government is engaged in providing diploma courses for AME in Airframe & Engine, avionics, helicopter operations and Power Plant. State government will give support to facilitate the training of aviation professionals as follows:
- 6.2.1 State government will extend the scholarship scheme available for diploma and graduate courses to the courses related to AME, Cabin Crew and other civil aviation professionals.
- 6.2.2 A special cell will be made at directorate level to engage with airlines to support placement services to graduating and aspiring civil aviation professionals of Uttar Pradesh

# 7. Improving connectivity at non-RCS airports

RCS scheme of Government of India covers the air connectivity on un-served and under-served airports . U.P has 3 non-RCS airports: Lucknow, Gorakhpur and Varanasi, but they are not inter connected presently. The state Government intends to improve air connectivity on existing non-RCS airports also by providing certain incentives for short term.

Incentives or provisions for non-RCS airports will be valid initially for **one year** and will only be applicable to single flight per route to the first bidder/proposer. In case of multiple bidders in the same bidding process, the one with proposal of least incentives in monetary terms will be considered. Only airlines/air operators fulfilling DGCA norms and standards shall be covered under this.

# 7.1 Provisions for connecting non-RCS airports in U.P with non-RCS airport in or outside U.P:

All new flights connecting a non-RCS airport in U.P. to non-RCS airport in or outside U.P. after 01.04.2017 (wherein origin and destination were not connected through a direct flight.) will be eligible for the following incentives/concessions.

- 7.1.1 **VAT on ATF** for all such new routes will be waived off for one year from date of operation.
- 7.1.2 **Reimbursement of S-GST on sale of air tickets on new flights:** The airlines will be reimbursed S-GST received by state government on account of sale of air tickets on new flights on monthly basis for one year from the date of operation.

#### 7.2 Additional Provisions for inter-connecting non-RCS airports in U.P.

Lucknow, Varanasi and Gorakhpur are not inter-connected at present. For new air connectivity via any aircraft (*Lucknow-Gorakhpur*, *Lucknow-Varanasi and Varanasi-Gorakhpur*), the following incentives will be admissible –

- 1. Compensation equivalent to state's VGF share (i.e Rs 400/seat) on 50% of total seats(i.e.<=40 seats)
- 2. Seat underwriting @2500/vacant seat {on 15% of total seats, up to maximum of 360 seats per month per one way trip}. Seat underwriting will be calculated on monthly basis (and not on daily basis) i.e total monthly vacant seats per route in a month will be calculated and seat underwriting will be applicable on total monthly vacant seats. Mechanism for availing seat underwriting will be similar to RCS flights.

### 8. Focus & Incentives under Regional Connectivity Scheme RCS-UDAN

Government of India has launched Regional Connectivity Scheme 2016 with the objective of connecting underserved and unserved locations in India at affordable rates to bring air travel close to common person. The theme of RCS scheme is *Ude Desh Ka Aam Naagrik (UDAN)*.

The terms used in this policy will have the same meaning as defined in the RCS policy of GoI. Any change in definition in RCS scheme of GoI will automatically become applicable to this policy unless otherwise specified.

**Underserved Airports** are considered as those airports at which, there are no more than 7 scheduled commercial departures/week as per latest flight schedule approved by DGCA.

**Unserved Airports** are those where there had been no scheduled flights during the last two flight schedules approved by DGCA.

Under RCS, State governments are expected to play a pivotal role to promote regional air connectivity by giving incentives to air operators to make business viable and simultaneously bring down the airfare on RCS flights to affordable levels. Only airlines/air operators fulfilling DGCA norms and standards shall be covered under this scheme. All mandatory provisions of RCS with respect to obligations of state government will be applicable as such.

Additional state incentives will only be applicable to single flight per route to the first bidder. In case of multiple bidders in the same bidding process, one with proposal of least incentives in monetary terms will be considered:

#### **8.1** RCS scheme - Expectations from state governments

As per para 2.1.2.3 of the RCS policy 2016 states concessions/ support offered by the respective State Governments at RCS Airports within their States, which shall be as follows:

- 8.1.1 Reduction of VAT to 1% or less on ATF at RCS Airports located within the State for a period of ten (10) years from the date of notification of this Scheme. Upon transition to GST, rates will be applicable as determined under GST and exemptions/concessions shall be given as permissible so that such a reduced level of taxation could ideally be continued.
- 8.1.2 Coordinating with oil marketing companies for provision of fueling infrastructure on best effort basis.

- 8.1.3 Provision of minimum land, if required, free of cost and free from all encumbrances for development of RCS Airports and also provide multimodal hinterland connectivity (road, rail, metro, waterways, etc.) as required;
- 8.1.4 Provision of security and fire services free of cost at RCS Airports through appropriately trained personnel and appropriate equipment as per applicable standards and guidelines by relevant agencies;
- 8.1.5 Provision of, directly or through appropriate means, electricity, water and other utility services at substantially concessional rates at RCS Airports; and
- 8.1.6 Provision of a certain share (20%) towards VGF for respective RCS Routes (pertaining to the State), provided the share of States in the northeast region of India and Union Territories would be (10%).

State Governments are encouraged to also consider extending any additional incentives like underwriting of passenger seats to encourage operators additionally support. Selected Airline Operators in undertaking operations under this Scheme. For avoidance of doubt, the Selected Airline Operators shall not be debarred under the Scheme from getting any additional concessions/incentives as may be offered by the State Governments from time to time.

# 8.2 RCS MoU between State Government, Government of India, Airport Authority of India

After the approval from Hon. Cabinet (GoUP), the Uttar Pradesh government has signed an MOU with the Ministry of Civil Aviation, GoI and Airport Authority of India under which the state will provide the following concessions

- 8.2.1 State government shall reduce VAT to 1% on ATF at RCS airports and for RCS flights from other airports located within the state for the entire period of MOU
- 8.2.2 State government shall provide minimum land if required, free of cost and free from all encumbrances for development and expansion of RCS airports and also provide multi-modal hinterland connectivity(road, rail, metro, waterways etc) as required.
- 8.2.3 State government shall provide security and fire services free of cost at RCS airports
- 8.2.4 State government shall provide, or cause to be provided, electricity, water and other utility services subject to applicable law at substantially concessional rates, at RCS airports;

- 8.2.5 State government shall provide 20% share of VGF determined pursuant to this scheme. The state government shall need to reimburse its VGF share within 3 months of being asked by the central government. In case the state government does not reimburse, a notice will be sent by the Central government requiring within 1 month of the notice, failing which, the Central government/implementing agency will not consider any further RCS proposals under the scheme for connecting airports from the state.
- 8.2.6 In addition to the VGF provided under RCS- UDAN for 50% of the seats of RCS Flight capacity (Limiting 40 seats), state government shall provide additional benefits to the selected airline operators who are willing to avail the benefits in the form of underwriting the remaining 50% non VGF seats of RCS flights (limited to 40 seats). Provided that aforesaid underwriting of non VGF seats shall be subject to following conditions
- 8.2.7 State government shall underwrite 30% of non VGF seats with a condition of reimbursement of vacant seats @ Rs 2500/-per seat per hour flying and
- 8.2.8 The State government shall utilize these underwritten non VGF seats for travelling of state government's officials at no additional cost
- 8.2.9 The state government shall need to continue the concessions as mandated in the NCAP, 2016 and the scheme document. In case the state government stops providing the concessions during the tenure of the scheme, they will be required to resume their concessions immediately. In case the concessions are not resumed within 1 month from the date of discontinuation, the central government/implementing agency will not consider any further RCS proposals under the scheme for connecting airports from the state.

The above provisions of earlier cabinet decision will stand modified after the approval of competent authority to the extent as mentioned in this policy.

#### **8.3** Enabling Infrastructure

Under RCS annexure-1A and 1B, airports/airstrips have been identified as RCS airports in Uttar Pradesh as per documents of First Bidding of RCS. It is an indicative list and is under revision. Final list of RCS airports will be published by Government of India before/during second round of RCS bidding.

8.3.1 As per Annexure- 1A of RCS- list of Underserved Airports/airstrips in U.P.

Underserved Airports/airstrips in Uttar Pradesh									
12. Agra	13. Allahabad								

8.3.2 As per Annexure -1 B of RCS- indicative list of 29 Unserved Airports/airstrips in U.P.

Un	Unserved Airports/airstrips in UP										
330	Akbarpur	340	Jagatpur	350	Muirpur(Korba)						
331	Aligarh	341	Jhansi	351	Phaphamau						
332	Bakshi KaTalab	342	Jhingura	352	Pirthiganj						
333	Bareilly	343	Kanpur(Chakeri)	353	Rajwari						
334	Etawah	344	Kanpur(Civil)	354	Saharanpur(Sarsawa)						
335	Faizabad	345	Kanpur(Kalyanpur)	355	Sah-baj-quli						
336	Fursatganj IGRUA)	346	Kasia	356	Sardarnagar						
337	Ghazipur	347	Lalitpur	357	Shravasti						
338	Hindan	348	Madhosingh	358	Sultanpur(Amhai)						
339	Iradatganj	349	Meerut								

8.3.3 Airstrips which are being considered for inclusion in RCS as unserved airports/airstrips category

1	Moradabad	4	Paliya (Kheri-Dudhwa)
2	Azamgarh	5	Farrukabad
3	Chitrakoot	6	Rasoolabad (Kanpur Dehat)

- 8.3.4 The top tourist destinations in U.P. are Agra, Vrindavan, Mathura, Varanasi, Kushinagar, Allahabad, Lucknow, Naimisharanya, Ayodhya, Jhansi, Chitrakoot, Sarnath, Dudhwa, Chandra Prabha, Mahoba, Chunar, Deogarh.
- 8.3.5 Out of which Agra, Varanasi/Sarnath, Kushinagar, Allahabad, Lucknow, Ayodhya/Faizabad, Jhansi, Chitrakoot, Dudhwa (Palia airstrip) have functional airport/airstrips.
- 8.3.6 The government will consider development of helipads/heliports to connect the remaining of the following tourist destinations: Vrindavan, Mathura, Naimisharanya, Chandra Prabha, Mahoba, Chunar, Deogarh.
- 8.3.7 State government may ask the Airports Authority of India to develop and operate the RCS airports or state government can form an **SPV** with AAI or a **Company** of its own or through Directorate of Civil Aviation to- develop, upgrade and operationalize the airports to be undertaken under RCS scheme. State government is exploring possibility to upgrade 10 airstrips in 10 divisional initially: **Meerut, Moradabad, Faizabad, Saharanpur, Jhansi, Chitrakoot, Azamgarh, Aligarh,** Sonebhadra (*Mirzapur*) and Shravasti

(*Gonda/Devipatan*) airstrips to No-Frills Airports. 1 Defence airport at **Bareilly** is being developed to have Civil Enclave by Airports Authority of India. 4 divisional hqrs at **Gorakhpur**, **Allahabad**, **Varanasi**, **Agra** have functional airports. This will enable state capital connectivity with 15 divisional headquarters [except Kanpur and Basti]. In case of development/ upgradation of airport any additional land so required will be provided free of cost and free from all encumbrances.

- 8.3.8 Other airports/airstrips, where RCS flights can be successfully connected with other parts of the country, are: Kushinagar, Kanpur, Hindan (Ghaziabad), Palia (Kheri- near Dudhwa National Park).
- 8.3.9 If the passenger traffic at Lucknow airport necessitate decongestion as a result of RCS, then airstrip owned by air force at *Bakshi ka Talab* can be considered for civil operation as RCS alternative airport at Lucknow.
- 8.3.10 The state government will provide the following at RCS airports in U.P:
  - Security arrangements at RCS airports
  - Fire services free of cost
  - Electricity at substantially subsidized rates
  - Water free of cost.
  - Provision of ATF fueling facilities at RCS airports in coordination with Oil Marketing Companies
  - Ambulance and Medical facilities
  - Bus connectivity with the nearby main city

#### **8.4** Enabling eco-system

- 8.4.1 The government will facilitate the air travel by allowing following categories of officers and employees to travel on RCS flights for all official purposes or for LTC travel purpose
  - 1. All India Service officers (IAS, IPS, IFS) on any RCS flight across country.
  - 2. PCS and PPS officers on all RCS flights with origin and destination of U.P.
  - 3. Group "A" officers on all RCS flights with origin and destination of U.P.
  - 4. Any other officer / employee (who is not entitled for air travel) with the approval of competent authority on all RCS flights with origin and destination of U.P.
- 8.4.2 Publicity support for RCS routes will be provided by state government through information and tourism department

- 8.4.3 Ambulance services and medical facilities at the airports will be provided by Department of Medical and Health of state govt. free of cost.
- 8.4.4 Dedicated bus service to and fro from airport will be provided by U.P. State Transport Corporation.
- 8.4.5 Road connectivity of all RCS airports will be ensured and maintained by PWD department on priority.
- 8.4.6 To promote medical tourism in U.P.- the Department of Tourism and Department of Medical and Health of state government will facilitate airlines to collaborate with reputed medical institutions and hospitals.

#### **8.5** Fiscal incentives

- 8.5.1 Director, Civil Aviation, GoUP will be the implementing agency for this purpose. He will develop required forms, maintain documentation, receive the proposals, will process and take decisions. State government will appoint a Nodal Officer for allocation of non VGF seats on RCS routes.
- 8.5.2 Incentives for flights originating from or terminating at an RCS airport in UP under RCS provisions:
  - 8.5.2.1 **VAT on ATF** will **be waived off** for ten years on all RCS flights that commence after 01.04.2017.
  - 8.5.2.2 **State's share of 20% on VGF seats** (50 % (< 20 seats) of total seats (<40 seats) will be provided for a duration as stipulated under RCS.

#### 8.5.2.3 **Seat underwriting**

#### A: Provisions:

- 1. For aircraft under Category-1 as per RCS categories (passenger seat capacity <= 20) and connecting Lucknow with Divisional headquarters through a direct flight on RCS routes, 100% of non-VGF seats (up to maximum of 300 seats per month per one way trip) shall be eligible for seat underwriting by state government initially for three years from date of operation.
- 2. For aircraft under Category-2 and 3 (passenger seat capacity > 20), or connecting RCS airports other than as indicated in clause (1) above; **30% of non-VGF seats** (up to maximum of 360 seats per month per

one way trip) shall be eligible for seat underwriting by state government initially for three years from date of operation.

#### **B:** Mechanism for implementation:

- 1. Seat underwriting will be calculated on monthly basis (*and not on daily basis*) i.e *total monthly vacant seats* in a month will be calculated and seat underwriting will be applicable on *total monthly vacant seats*
- 2. If airline operator is willing to avail the benefit of seat underwriting then State government shall underwrite non-VGF seats as indicated before with a condition of reimbursement of vacant seats at the rate of Rs 2500/- per seat.
- 3. The state government shall utilize these underwritten non-VGF seats towards fulfillment of travel requirements of State government's officials at no additional cost.
- 4. The following operational mechanism will be adopted for sale/allocation of non VGF seats:

A software will be developed to provide the necessary interface for airlines and state government, to aid seats underwriting provisions for airlines in the event of unsold non-VGF seats. These will be conducted and monitored as follows.

- i. The airlines will try to sell all non-VGF seats at any rate in open market.
- ii. 24 hours prior to the time of departure the airlines are expected to indicate, through the software, the unsold seats on which they wish to avail seat underwriting facility (To the extent of seat underwriting provisions)
- iii. On such indication these seats will be made available for allocation by the state government through a *Nodal Officer* of state government.
- iv. **Nodal Officer** of state government will allocate these seats to the government officials if they require so. They will indicate the seats as 'Allocated' if they use, otherwise the seats will remain Unsold and Unallocated.

- v. Such unsold and unallocated seats can be withdrawn and sold by the airlines at any time before departure if they can sell it in open market. In such case of withdrawal from the underwriting the state government will not compensate for such seats
- vi. The no. of seats which are allocated by **Nodal Officer** of state government or remain vacant finally, will be deemed to have been sold to state government at the rate applicable for underwriting
- vii. The payment towards availing underwritten provisions from state govt. by an airline would be done on monthly basis

#### 8.5.2.4 Reimbursement of S-GST on sale of air tickets on RCS flights

The airlines will be reimbursed S-GST received by state government on account of sale of air tickets on RCS flights on monthly basis.

#### 8.5.2.5 Airport parking / night halts at RCS airports

On all the RCS airports managed by state government, airlines will not be charged any fee or charges for parking aircraft or night halts at RCS airports

#### 8.5.2.6 Free office space at RCS airports:

Office space of about 100 sqm will be provided on lease basis free of cost at No-Frills RCS Airports in UP

#### 8.5.2.7 Route Navigation and Facilitation Charges (RNFC)

50% of RNFC upto Rs 2000 will be reimbursed on RCS airports or flights connecting divisional hqrs to Lucknow (initially for 3 years)

# 8.6 Summary of Incentives and Concessions for RCS Airports/Routes

S. No.	<b>Description of Incentive/Concession</b>	Incentives/Concessions for RCS Routes/Airports				
Manda	tory Support by State Government under RO					
1	VAT on ATF	Zero for 10 years				
2	Viability Gap Funding	20% state share as per RCS				
	(for 50% of total seats)	-				
3	Security arrangements at RCS Airports	Will be provided by the State Government				
	[Mandatory support by State Government					
	under RCS]					
4	Fire Services	Will be made available by the State Government free of				
		cost				
5	Electricity	Will be made available by the State Government at				
		concessional rate (Rate of subsidy will be Rs 4/Unit upto				
		30000 units per month)				
6	Water	Will be made available by the State Government free of				
		cost				
7	Provision of ATF fueling facilities at RCS	The State Government will facilitate and provide				
	airports	necessary land at zero rental to Oil Marketing				
		Companies to develop ATF fueling facilities at RCS				
		Airports owned by the State Government				
8	Road Connectivity	Road Connectivity for all RCS airports will be ensured				
		and maintained by the PWD Department of GoUP from				
		its own resources.				
9	Bus service to the nearby main city	Bus Service to all RCS airports will be ensured and				
		maintained by UPSRTC.				
10	Ambulance and Medical facilities	Will be made available by the Medical & Health				
		Department of the State Government				
Additio	onal support by state government					
11	Underwriting of Non VGF Seats	100%- For category-1 Aircraft connecting Lucknow with				
	(from remaining 50% of Total seats)	Divisional Headquarters (initially for 3 years)				
	@Rs 2500/underwritten seat	30% - for other categories of Aircraft or on other routes				
		(initially for 3 years)				
12	Reimbursement of S-GST on sale of air	100% reimbursement initially for 3 years				
	tickets on RCS flights as applicable					
13	Airport Parking / Night Halts at RCS	Zero Charges (initially for 3 years) at Airports/Airstrips				
	Airports	owned by the State Government				
14	Space at No-Frills Airports for office of	Zero Rental (initially for 3 years) at Airports/Airstrips				
	airlines upto 100 sqm and aircraft	owned by the State Government				
	maintenance engaged in RCS in UP	-				
15	Route Navigation and Facilitation Charges	50% of RNFC (upto Rs 2000 ) will be reimbursed on RCS				
		Airports or flights connecting Divisional Headquarters				
	(RNFC)	All polits of hights connecting Divisional Headquarters				

#### **Annexure- I.-UP**

# Details of main airports/airstrips in Uttar Pradesh

(For categories- served/unserved/underserved airports, please refer to MoCA, GoI documents)

Sl No	Name of the airport/Airs trip	District	Stat e	Airport Operator /Owner	Runw ay Lengt h	Run way Widt h	Bou nda ry Wal l	Apr on	VIP Lou nge	Ha ng er	Suitable for aircraft ?	Aerial distance (km) of nearby airport/airstrip
1	Chaudhri Charan Singh International Airport	Lucknow	U.P.	AAI	2742 M	45 M	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Airbus 320/ Boeing 747	4 KM (Bakshi Ka Talab, Lucknow)
2	Lal Bahadur Shastri International Airport	Varanasi	U.P.	AAI	2742 M	45 M	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Airbus 320/ Boeing 747	113 KM (Allahabad Airport)
3	Gorakhpur Civil Terminal	Gorakhpur	U.P.	IAF/AAI	2743 M	45 M	Yes	Yes	-	-	Airbus 320/ Boeing 747	45 KM (Kushinagar)
4	Agra Civil Terminal	Agra	U.P.	IAF/AAI	2744 M	45 M	Yes	Yes	-	-	Airbus 320/ Boeing 747	18 KM (Aligarh)
5	Bamrauli Civil Terminal	Allahabad	U.P.	IAF/AAI	2477 M	45 M	Yes	Yes	-	-	Airbus 320/ Boeing 747	113 KM (Varanasi Airport)
6	Kanpur Chakeri Civil Terminal	Kanpur	U.P.	IAF/AAI	2744 M	45 M	Yes	Yes	-	-	Airbus 320/ Boeing 747	0 KM (Kanpur Civil )
7	Trishul Airport	Bareilly	U.P.	IAF	2750 M	45 M	Yes	Yes	-	-	Airbus 320/ Boeing 747	52 KM (Moradabad)
8	Sarsawa	Saharanpur	U.P.	IAF	2743 M	45 M	Yes	Yes	-	-	Airbus 320/ Boeing 747	111 KM (Meerut)
9	Dr. Bhim Rao Ambedkar	Meerut	U.P.	GoUP	1500 M	23 M	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Small Aircraft upto 5700 kgs	56 KM (Hindan, Ghaziabad)
10	Faizabad	Faizabad	U.P.	GoUP	1500 M	30 M	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Small Aircraft upto 5700 kgs	10 KM (Sultanpur)
11	Moradabad	Moradabad	U.P.	GoUP	2238 M	30 M	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Small Aircraft upto 5700 kgs	52 KM (Bareilly)
12	Jhansi	Jhansi	U.P.	GoUP/Indi an Army	1200 M	23 M	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Small Aircraft upto 5700 kgs	121 KM (Saifai, Etawah)
13	Chitrakoot	Chitrakoot (u/ exp)	U.P.	GoUP	2500 M	45 M	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Small Aircraft upto 5700 kgs	66 KM (Allahabad)
14	Dhanipur	Aligarh	U.P.	GoUP	1240 M	25 M	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Small Aircraft upto 5700 kgs	18 KM (Agra)
15	Azamgarh	Azamgarh	U.P.	GoUP	1400 M	23 M	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Small Aircraft upto 5700 kgs	113 KM (Varanasi Airport)
16	Myorpur	Sonbhadra	U.P.	GoUP	1422 M	25 M	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Small Aircraft upto 5700 kgs	112 KM (Varanasi Airport)

SI No	Name of the airport/Airs trip	District	Stat e	Airport Operator /Owner	Runwa y Length	Runw ay Width	Bou nda ry Wal l	Apr on	VIP Lou nge	Ha ng er	Suitable for aircraft ?	Aerial distance (km) of nearby airport/airstrip
17	Shravasti	Shravasti	U.P.	GoUP	1450 M	23 M	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Small Aircraft upto 5700 kgs	111 KM (Faizabad)
18	Akbarpur	Ambedkar Nagar	U.P.	GoUP	1820 M	30 M	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Hawker 900XP	35 KM (Faizabad)
19	Saifai	Etawah	U.P.	GoUP	2500 M	45 M	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Airbus 320/ Boeing 747	118 KM (Farrukhabad)
20	Andhau	Ghazipur	U.P.	GoUP	1580 M	24 M	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Small Aircraft upto 5700 kgs	113 KM (Varanasi Airport)
21	Kasia	Kushinagar (u/ exp)	U.P.	GoUP	3200 M	45 M	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Airbus 320/ Boeing 747	45 KM (Gorakhpur)
22	Amhat	Sultanpur	U.P.	GoUP	1500 M	30 M	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Small Aircraft upto 5700 kgs	10 KM (Faizabad)
23	Paliya	Kheri	U.P.	GoUP	1640 M	23 M	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Small Aircraft upto 5700 kgs	110 KM (Shravasti)
24	Farrukhabad	Farrukhabad	U.P.	GoUP	1228 M	24 M	Yes	Yes	Yes	-	Small Aircraft upto 5700 kgs	100 KM (Kanpur Dehat)
25	Rasoolabad	Kanpur Dehat (u/c)	U.P.	GoUP	2400 M	45 M	Yes	Yes	-	-	Airbus 320/ Boeing 747	100 KM (Farrukhabad)
26	Bakshi Ka Talab [Lucknow city]	Lucknow	U.P.	IAF	2472 M	45 M	Yes	Yes	-	-	Airbus 320/ Boeing 747	4 KM (Lucknow)
27	Fursatganj (IGRUA)	Amethi	U.P.	AAI	1850 M	45 M	Yes	Yes	-	-	Big Aircraft	48 KM (Lucknow)
28	Hindan	Ghaziabad	U.P.	IAF	2743 M	45 M	No	No	-	-	Airbus 320/ Boeing 747	30 KM (Meerut)
29	Lalitpur	Lalitpur	U.P.	IAF/AAI	1890 M	45 M	No	No	No	-	Non Operational	112 KM (Jhansi)

Annexure- I.-UP Details of other airports/airstrips in Uttar Pradesh not offered under RCS scheme

SI No	Name of the airport/Airs trip	District	Stat e	Airport Operato r/Owne r	Runway Length	Run way Widt h	Boun dary Wall	Apr on	VIP Lou nge	Han ger	Suitable for aircraft ?	Aerial distance (km) of nearby airport/airstrip
1	Iradatganj	Allahabad	U.P.	IAF	Informat ion not available		No	No	No	-	Abandoned	15 KM (Allahabad)
2	Jagatpur	Rai Bareilly	U.P.	Informati on not available			No	No	No	-	Abandoned	05 KM (Fursatganj, Rai Bareilly)
3	Jhingura	Mirzapur	U.P.	IAF	Informat ion not available		No	No	No	-	Abandoned	30 KM (Varanasi)
4	Kanpur (Civil)	Kanpur Nagar	U.P.	AAI	1128 M	45 M	Yes	Yes	-	-	Aircraft upto 5000 kgs	0 KM (Chakeri Kanpur)
5	Kanpur (Kalyanpur)	Kanpur Nagar	U.P.	IIT Kanpur	1000 M	-	Yes	Yes	-	-	Info. not available	17 KM (Chakeri Kanpur)
6	Madhosingh	Bhadohi	U.P.	GoUP	Informat ion not available		No	No	No	-	Abandoned	30 KM (Varanasi)
7	Phaphamau	Allahabad	U.P.	IAF	Informat ion not available		No	No	No	-	Abandoned	13 KM (Allahabad)
8	Pirthiganj	Pratapgarh	U.P.	Informati on not available			No	No	No	-	Abandoned	17 KM (Allahabad)
9	Rajwari	Varanasi	U.P.	Informati on not available			No	No	No	-	Abandoned	27 KM (Varanasi)
10	Sah-baj-quli	Ghazipur	U.P.	Informati on not available			No	No	No	-	Abandoned	11 KM (Ghazipur)
11	Sardarnagar	Gorakhpur	U.P.	Informati on not available			No	No	No	-	Abandoned	10 KM (Gorakhpur)

#### **Annexure-II.UP**

#### Possible new routes

(This is only a suggestive list subject to fulfilling MoCA, Gol criterion. Please refer the GOI, Bidding documents for the status of eligible airports for RCS flights)

#### A: Non RCS Routes- eligible for state incentives

- 1. Lucknow-Varanasi
- 2. Lucknow-Gorakhpur
- 3. Varanasi-Gorakhpur
- 4. Lucknow-Jaipur
- 5. Lucknow-Dehradun
- 6. Lucknow-Bhopal

#### B: Divisional headquarters RCS routes:

- 1. Lucknow-Agra
- 2. Lucknow-Allahabad
- 3. Lucknow-Bareilly
- 4. Lucknow-Faizabad
- 5. Lucknow- Meerut
- 6. Lucknow-Saharanpur
- 7. Lucknow-Moradabad
- 8. Lucknow-Aligarh
- 9. Lucknow-Shravasti (Devipattan)
- 10. Lucknow-Azamgarh
- 11. Lucknow-Jhansi
- 12. Lucknow-Chitrakoot
- 13. Lucknow- Muirpur (Sonebadra, Mirzapur)

#### C: Other RCS Routes:

- 14. Lucknow-Bareilly-Meerut
- 15. Allahabad-Bareilly-Meerut
- 16. Lucknow-Moradabad-Saharanpur
- 17. Lucknow-Aligarh-Ghaziabad
- 18. Lucknow-Shravasti-Gorakhpur-Kushinagar-Sarnath
- 19. Gorakhpur-Kushinagar-Sarnath
- 20. Gorakhpur- Meerut
- 21. Kanpur-Faizabad(Ayodhya)-Allahabad (Prayag)
- 22. Lucknow-Sonbhadra-Chitrakoot
- 23. Agra-Allahabad
- 24. Ghaziabad-Allahabad
- 25. Meerut-Allahabad

#### D: Inter-state RCS Routes

- 1. Lucknow-Bareilly-Dehradun
- 2. Delhi-Bareilly-Allahabad
- Delhi-Allahabad
- 4. Allahabad-Dehradun
- 5. Allahabad-Lucknow-Nagpur
- 6. Lucknow-Bhopal-Ujjain
- 7. Lucknow-Varanasi-Patna
- 8. Agra-Lucknow-Kolkata
- 9. Lucknow-Jhansi-Bhopal
- 10. Lucknow-Bhopal-Mumbai
- 11. Varanasi(Kashi)-Allahabad(Prayag)-Nemisharanya (Sitapur)-Haridwar-Nemisharanya